

Date:.....



English Language

Form 5

Part 1



Second Term 2025/2026

Pupil's Name:

Class :

Teacher's Name:

Date:.....

Active and Passive

A) Simple tenses & helping verbs

Use: We use the Passive Voice to emphasise the action rather than who or what is responsible for it .

To change from active to passive:

- 1) Begin with the object.
- 2) Use verb to be in the same tense of the verb of the sentence.
- 3) Use the past participle of the main verb .
- 4) The subject become object and use " by" before it.
- 5) We don't use " by" before somebody and someone.

Example:-

Subject	Verb	Object
The farmer	grows	cotton
Cotton <u>is grown</u> by the farmer.		

A) Simple Tenses & Helping verbs:-

Tenses	Active	Passive
Present simple	Drink – drinks	Am , is , are + P.P
Past simple	Drank	Was , were + P.P
Helping verbs	Will, would Shall, should Can , could May, might, must Ought to , have to Has to , had to	

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Examples:

- 1)He ate all the food yesterday.
All the food was eaten yesterday.
2)She must do her work.
Her work must be done.
3)The teacher corrects the copybooks.
The copybooks are corrected.

Verbs with two objects:

- | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|
| S. | V. | O. | O. |
|----|----|----|----|
- 1)Father gave me some money.
Some money was given to me.
I was given some money.

- 2)Grandfather tells us stories.
We are told stories.
Stories are told to us.

EXAMPLES

- 1)John must do the homework.
The homework must be done.
2)Ramy broke the vase yesterday.
The vase was broken yesterday.
3)Mother prepares lunch everyday.
Lunch is prepared everyday.
4)I gave my mother some flowers.
Some flowers were given to my mother.
My mother was given some flowers.

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{Part 2}

Change in to passive:-

1- He has to draw two pictures. (two pictures]
.....

2- The teacher will give a prize to the brilliant pupil. (A prize)
.....

3- Mother bought me a nice present.
..... [I]
..... [A nice present]

We have to finish all the work. (All the work)
.....

4- The man saw them in the street. (They)
.....

5- Tom answered all the questions very easily. (All the questions)
.....

6- Nice pictures was draw during the art lesson. (correct the mistakes)
.....

7- The butcher sells meat. (Meat)
.....

8- We have to tell the truth. (The truth)
.....

9- Someone stole my suitcase. (My suitcase)
.....

11-The television are invent in 1927. (correct the mistakes)
.....

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12-People buy computers all over the world. (Computers)

13- I am give some money by my dad yesterday. (correct the mistake)

14- Nice stories was tell to the children . (correct the mistake)

15- The mechanic fixed the car yesterday. [The car]

16-Mum cooked delicious food yesterday. [Delicious food]

17- I sent a letter to my friend . [A letter]

[My friend]

18-The carpenter mended the broken chairs . [The broken chairs]

19- The gardener has to water the flowers everyday. [The flowers]

20-The archeologists discovered a new tomb many years ago. [A new tomb]

21- The players should follow the captain's instructions .

[The captain's instructions]

22- We have to respect our teachers and parents .

[Our teachers and parents]

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Choose the correct answer:

1-The very first computers (invented- was invented- were invented) about

2500years ago.

2-Simple machines called abacuses (made-were made- was made) by the

ancient Egyptians.

3-About 30 years ago, the first personal computers (sold- was sold- were

sold) .

4-Lots of her music (is sold- was sold-were sold) last year.

5-Horses (rode- were ridden- ridden) for sport in ancient India.

6-Football (plays – is played- was played) thousands of years ago in South

Africa.

7-The Olympic games (invented- are invented- were invented) by the ancient

Greeks many years ago.

8-All the house (is cleaned - was cleaned- will be cleaned) for the party

tomorrow.

9- The housework (is done - were done - was done - will be done)

yesterday.

10-All the work (must done - must be did – must be done – must done).

11- Ramy and David (were broken - breaks – broke - are broken) the vase

two minutes ago.

12- The teachers (rewards – were rewarded - rewards – was reward) last

- year.

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Too --- to / enough to

A) too – to



(too + adjective + to + verb)

- We use (too – to) to join two sentences.

- The two sentences are **different**.

One of them is affirmative and the other is negative.

- Cross out (very, so, quite, completely and extremely) from the first sentence.

- Cross out (me, him, her, it, us, you and them) from the second sentence.

E.g :

1- The tea is ~~so~~ hot. ~~I can't~~ drink it.

- The tea is **too hot to** drink.

2- The shelf is ~~very~~ high. ~~I can't~~ reach it.

- The shelf is **too high to** reach.

3- Noha is short. ~~She can't~~ play basketball.

-Noha is **too short to** play basketball.

4- I'm ~~extremely~~ tired. ~~I can't~~ study anymore.

I'm **too tired to** study anymore.

5-The suitcases are so heavy. ~~Grandpa can't~~ carry ~~them~~.

The suitcases are **too heavy to** carry.

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B) enough to (with adjectives)

(adjective + enough to + verb)

- We use (enough to) to join two sentences. The two sentences are **the same**.

Affirmative or negative

- Cross out (very , so, quite , completely and extremely)
- Cross out (me, him, her, it, us, you and them)

- Examples:

1. He is ~~very~~ clever. He ~~can~~ answer all the exercises.

(affirmative) (affirmative)

-He is **clever enough to answer** all the exercises.

2. He isn't ~~so~~ tall. He ~~can't~~ reach the ceiling.

(negative) (negative)

-He isn't **tall enough to reach** the ceiling.

3. They are ~~very~~ kind. They ~~can~~ help the poor.

-They are **kind enough to help** the poor.

4. I'm not ~~completely~~ free. I ~~can't~~ help you at your homework.

-I'm not **free enough to help** you at your homework.

5. This problem is ~~very~~ easy. We ~~can~~ solve it.

-This problem is **easy enough to solve**.

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B – Enough to (with nouns)

enough + noun + to +verb

- Cross out (many , much , a lot of and plenty of)
- Cross out (me , him , her , it , us , you and them)

- **Examples:**

1- I don't have a ~~lot of~~ flour. ~~I can't~~ make a cake.

I don't have enough flour to make a cake.

2- She has ~~much~~ time. ~~She can~~ help you.

She has enough time to help you.

3- They don't have ~~plenty of~~ wood. ~~They can't~~ make fire.

They don't have enough wood to make fire.

4- I have got ~~many~~ ideas. ~~We can~~ plan an enjoyable trip.

I have got enough ideas to plan an enjoyable trip.

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Too - - - To
Enough to

Join using enough/ too

1- Tamer isn't clever. He can't solve this problem.
.....

2- We haven't got much flour. We can't make a cake.
.....

3- The dog is very small. It can't bite me.
.....

4- That book is so difficult. I can't read it.
.....

5- I have some money. I can pay the bill.
.....

6- He is very strong. He can carry that suitcase.
.....

7- She has a lot of time. She can finish her work today.
.....

8- He was so sleepy. He couldn't keep his eyes open.
.....

9- It is very cold. We cannot go swimming.
.....

10- That room is quite big. It can take ten people.
.....

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Choose the correct answer:

- *****
1-These shoes aren't big (too-to-enough) for me (too-to) wear.

2-Unfortunately, many rivers are (too- to-enough) polluted to swim in.

3-Is there (too- to - enough) food for everyone in the party to eat?

4- The music is (enough- to -too) loud, I can't sleep.

5-Are you strong (too- to- enough to) lift that box?

6-He is (enough- too-to) young to get that job. I think he won't get it.

7- I think the house isn't (too- to-enough) big to take all those guests.

8-I don't have (too- enough- to) money to (buys-buy-buying) that nice
jacket. It is (to - too- enough) expensive.

9- The smell of that milk is (to -too- enough) disgusting to
(drinks- drinking- drink).

10-This dress isn't fashionable (too- to - enough to) wear in the wedding
next week.

11-That film isn't interesting (too-enough to - to) watch once again.

12-The service at that hotel is good (to- enough to- too) stay in for a
longer time.

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The Gerund

Gerund = Verb + ing

***We use the gerund in the following cases :**

A) As Subjects:(At the beginning of the sentence:)

- 1- **Drinking** milk is important.
- 2- **Reading** is very useful.
- 3- **Playing** sports is good for your body.
- 4- **Helping** the poor is a good moral.
- 5-**Eating** a lot of sweets is bad for your teeth.

B) After some verbs :

**{like – dislike – love – hate – start – finish – begin – stop – avoid –
prefer – enjoy -continue- keep-imagine- suggest-risk- practise.}**

- 1- I **like playing** football.
- 2- I'll watch TV after I **finish doing** my homework.
- 3- She will **start taking** piano lessons next week.
- 4- You must **avoid driving** fast.
- 5-I **prefer having** salad before meals.

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C) After prepositions :

(in – on – at – of – about – before – after – for)

1- I always have a rest **after cooking**.

2- Mary is good **at typing**.

3- Sally is fond **of drawing** pictures.

4- They are interested **in swimming**.

5-They were talking **about having** a holiday.

d)After certain expressions:

{don't mind- can't stand- interested in- how about- can't help -

feel like - It's worth}

1-How about **going** to the cinema at the weekend?

2-I am interested in **reading** English stories.

3-I don't mind **helping** you with your studies.

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Gerund

• Choose the correct answer :

- 1-Sue usually (go-going- goes) to the club on Sunday because she likes (plays-is playing-playing) tennis.
- 2-Jane (goes-is going- went) to the cinema yesterday . She enjoys (watches- was watching- watching) the English movies.
- 3-Sally is more intelligent than Tom. She is good at (solves- solving- is solving) problems.
- 4-Thomas (travels- travelled- is travelling) to Luxor last summer and he prefers (travelled- is travelling- travelling) by plane.
- 5-(Eats- Eating-Is eating) vegetables is useful but (drinks-drank- drinking) coffee is really harmful.
- 6-While Sam (drove-is driving- was driving) very fast, the policeman (stops- stopping-stopped) him because (exceeds- is exceeding- exceeding) the speed limit is very dangerous.
- 7- (Smokes-Smoked-Smoking) is forbidden in public places.
- 8- I'm not afraid of (watches-watched-watching) horror films.
- 9- They always (goes-going-go) to the club after (does-did-doing) their homework.
- 10- You should learn English before (travels- travelled -travelling) to England.
- 11-I dislike (sleeps- slept- sleeping) in the afternoon.
- 12- Alice usually (helping-helps- helped) her mother in the housework but she hates (goes-going-went) shopping.

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Done on the Board

Revision (1)

Do as shown between brackets:-

- 1- The ship (sink). It (send) a May Day. (Before)
.....
- 2- The dress is very expensive. I can't buy it. (tooto)
.....
- 3- They choose the most helpful person. (The most helpful person)
.....
- 4- The old woman (step) on a banana skin. She (look) at the shop window.
(As)
.....
- 5- You can improve your health with more exercise. (Your health)
.....
- 6- We (answer) the questions. We (read) them carefully.
(before)
.....
- 7- They didn't arrive to Alex yesterday. (yet)
.....
- 8- Have you had breakfast yet? (just)
.....
- 9- Monica is going to buy a lot of dresses tomorrow .
(A lot of dresses)
.....
- 10- She has already read an English story. (still)
.....
- 11- They often write in blue pens. (already)
.....
- 12- She (not practise) some exercise daily. She (be) fat. (if type 1)
.....
- 13- They (have) more time. They (help) you. (if type 1)
.....

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14-I will study all the new lessons very well. (My lessons)

.....

15- They (leave) the office. They (have) the meeting. (after)

.....

16- She (walk) down the stairs. She (fall) down. (when)

.....

17- I made a lot of mistakes in the exam yesterday. (A lot of mistakes)

.....

18-He had strength. He could hold that heavy suitcase. (enough to)

.....

19- The watch is not expensive . I am going to buy it. (too- to)

.....

20-Ramy bought us some interesting books yesterday.

(Some interesting books)

.....

21-Alice is a gentle speaker . (speaks.)

.....

22-They (leave) the house. They (have) their breakfast. (after)

.....

23-The horse is very fast. It could win the race. (enough to)

.....

24-I've just tidied my room. (yet)

.....

25-Dinner is cooking by grandmother last night. (Correct the mistakes)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

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26-They sold that old boat a month ago. (That old boat..)
.....

27-Tony doesn't study Spanish at school. (never)
.....

28-That sauce is very salty. We can't add it to the salad. (too-to)
.....

29-Eliza (cook) lunch. She (burn) her hand. (When)
.....

30-The house (destroyed- is destroyed- was destroyed) by the fire last week.
.....

31-Chocolate (ate- eaten- is eaten) by millions of people all over the world.
.....

32-(Plays-Playing-Played) chess is not a waste of time.
.....

33-Amanda (play) tennis. She (finish) all her homework. (after)
.....

34-People grow cocoa beans in Brazil . (Cocoa beans)
.....

35-Tom doesn't have much money. He can't travel abroad. (enough to)
.....

36- Tom (follow) the map. He (not lose) the way. (If type 1)
.....

37-I feel like (going- go- goes) to the beach.
.....

38-Painting was teaching at school nowadays . (correct the mistakes)
.....

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39-They will play the football match tomorrow. (The football match)

.....

40-Tony isn't very intelligent. He can't solve any difficult mathematical problems. (enough to)

.....

41- Monica has just given up smoking. (yet)

.....

42- People should send their complaints to the head office. (Their complaints)

.....

43- He has strength. He can defeat his enemies. (enough to)

.....

44-She (didn't see- hasn't seen- doesn't see) her friend (since-for) five years. (choose)

45-Tom (didn't drink- hasn't drunk-doesn't drink) his milk yet, but Betty (has just have- has just had- have) hers. (correct)

46-If he (not save) enough money, he (not buy) the car. (if type 1)

.....

47-She (take) her breakfast then She (swim) for one hour. (after)

.....

48-The sandwich was very big. I couldn't eat it all. (too-to)

.....

49-She hasn't done her homework yet. (yesterday)

.....

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Future Forms

will – be going to

Future time expressions:

tomorrow – tonight – next – in a few soon

in an hour / year, etc – in the future

[1] Future with (Will) is used for

1- Predictions about the future. We can use verbs like :

(think – believe – expect)

E.g: I think he will be absent tomorrow.

We expect it will rain.

2-On-the-spot decision(decisions made at the moment of speaking).

E.g: I will buy that watch. It's so nice.

3- Promises:

E.g: I promise I will call you.

4- Offers and request:

E.g: I will drive you to the station.

Will you help me with my homework?

Form:

Will + stem verb

Negative

will not (won't) + verb stem

E.g:

She will help us

She won't help us

Question

will + subject + verb stem

E.g:

She will help us

Will she help us?

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[2] **Future with (be going to)**

We use the future (be going to) for:

1- **Future plans:**

E.g: Ron is going to study astronomy. He wants to be an astronaut.

We are going to go to the Opera tonight. We bought the tickets yesterday.

Form:

am , is , are + going to + stem verb

<u>Negative</u>	<u>Question</u>
am } is } + not + going to + stem V. are }	Am } Is } + subject + going to + stem V. Are }
E.g: I am going to leave I am <u>not going to leave</u>	E.g: I am going to leave Are you going to leave?

Examples:

1- I **planned to go** to the dentist.

I am going to go to the dentist.

2-My parents are planning to spend their summer holiday
in Hurghada.

My parents are going to spend their summer holiday
in Hurghada.

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Exercises

1)Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I expect that they (are going to arrive- arrived- will arrive)
at 9 a.m.
- 2-They booked a suite for a week. They (will travel-travels- are going
to travel) to Sharm Elsheikh next week.
- 3-Tom is planning for his future. He (will travel- is going to travel-
travelled) abroad and complete his studies.
- 4-I want to sleep, I (am going to draw- drew- will draw) the curtains
- 5-Tom promised his parents that he (is going to study- studies- will
study) hard for his exams to get high marks.
- 6-I expect the guests (arrive- will arrive- are going to arrive) early to
the party.
- 7-(Will you repair-Are you going to repair-Do you repair) my car,
please?
- 8-Oh! Those shoes are old fashioned. I (am not going to buy- don't
buy- won't buy) them.
- 9-We are free tonight. We (will watch- watch- are going to watch) a
nice movie . We invited our friends to come and join us.
- 10-I (am going to give- give- will give) you the money that you need
as soon as possible. I promise you.
- 11-I expect that dad (punishes- is going to punish- will punish) Tom if
he fails.
- 12-That dress is amazing. I (am going to buy- will buy- bought) it for
my birthday.

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13-I believe robots (are going to do- do- will do) all the work in
factories in the future.

14-A: What plans have you got for Saturday?

B: I (will visit- am going to visit- visit) my cousins in Oxford.

15-Don't worry about the bike. I (fix- will fix- am going to fix) it for you.

16- I can't do my H.W alone , (Are you going – will you – Could you –
Are you) help me ?

**[2] Re-write the following sentences using the words between
brackets:**

1. They are going to have a party. (I think)

2. I have planned to buy a new car. I have already saved half of its
price. (going)

3. My friend promised to lend me some money. (will)

4-They had a trip to the Pyramids last week. (next week)

5. My uncle planned to travel to England next year. [going]

6. She is going to leave Egypt. (I expect)

7. It's too hot, I am going to turn on the fan. (correct the mistake)

8-We are planning to make a surprise party for Mary. (going to)

9-The teacher promised, she is going to reward me. (correct the mistake)

10-Are you going to give me your pen, please? (correct the mistake)

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11-I can't hear the radio sound, I am going to turn up the volume.
(correct the mistake)

12- Our team won the match last season. [I believe]

13- The teacher explained a new lesson yesterday. [tomorrow]

14- Tis t-shirt is too expensive , I am not going to buy it .
[correct the mistake]

15- I think , he is going to come to the party. [correct the mistake]

16- My uncle planned to travel to England next year . [going]

17- We spent the holiday in Alex last summer. [going]

18- The students are having a quiz at the moment . [next week]

19- The teacher promised to forgive me . [will]

20- I planned , I will meet my friends in the club next week .
[correct the mistake]

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If- Conditional



Type 1

If + present simple → will + verb stem

Type 2:

We use Type 2 for unreal or imaginary situations which are unlikely to happen in the present or the future.

If + past simple → would + verb stem

examples:

- If I had the camera, I would give it to you.
- You would lose some weight if you went on a diet.

Negative:

If + didn't + verb stem → wouldn't + verb stem

Remark:

1- In conditional sentences Type (2) (were) is often used instead of (was) in the if – clause in all persons.

E.g: If I were rich, I would live in a luxurious house.

2- We use If I were you / If I were in your shoes to express an opinion or to give advice.

E.g: If I were you , I wouldn't buy it.

If I were in your shoes, I would tell the truth.

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Exercise

Re-write using the word between brackets::

1-If you go to Antarctica, you will see lots of penguins. (would)

2-Tina wouldn't played musical instrument if she isn't member of our band.
[correct the mistakes]

3-Kate (not be) so popular. She (not-be) such a talented musician.
(If Type 2)

4-Barry (study) harder. He (become) a better student. (If Type 1)

5-Patrick (be) very glad. He (know) he had won the competition .
(If Type 2)

6-You (continue) to practise the guitar. You (become) very well. (If Type 1)

7-I (be) you. I (not do) what you had done. (If Type 2)

8-Erin (get) there before me. I (ask) her to wait. (If Type 1)

9-They (get) to the concert on time. They (hurry). (If Type 1)

10-If I have a lot of money , I would travel around the world.
(correct the mistake)

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11-If she didn't go to the gym, she won't lose weight.

(correct the mistake)

.....

12- If they go to the market , They wouldn't shop a lot of things.

(correct the mistake)

.....

13- Mary [not be] unfit , she [not take] more exercises. [if type 2]

.....

14- I [find] a wallet in the street, I [take] it to the police . [If type 2]

.....

15-If I hear a strange noise , I will get up . [type 2]

.....

16- If I [not go] to the cinema , I [have] dinner with my family . [type 2]

.....

17- Fady [not study] , he [not pass] his exams easily. [if type 1]

.....

18- Sara [tell] me about her problem , I [help] her . [If type 2]

.....

19- The teacher will punished me , if I won't do my homework.

[correct the mistakes]

.....

20- If the traffic will be terrible , they don't arrive early.

[correct the mistakes]

.....

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Choose the correct answer:

1-If Ronald (lives- will live- lived) in Italy for a long time, he (learned-
learns- would learn) Italian.

2-If Emily (meet - is meeting- met) Brad Pitt, she (will get- would get- is
getting) his autograph.

3-Maggie (screamed- would scream - screams) if she (sees- saw- will see) a
snake.

4-If I (am- were-is) you, I (would study- study- will study) harder for the
exams.

5-Mary (will be- was- would be) very upset if she (found - has found- is
finding) out about this.

6-If Dad (smoked - smokes- is smoking) less, his health (improved- would
improve- is improving).

7-Tom (exceeds- will exceed- would exceed) the speed limits if he (slows-
doesn't slow- don't slow) down.

8- If Sandy (learn-learns-learnt) two foreign languages, she (gets- would get-
would get) the vacancy.

9- Tom (won't get- wouldn't get- isn't getting) in to the flat if he (don't find-
didn't find- hasn't found) his keys.

10-If you (takes- take- took) the 6 o'clock train, you (reach- reached- would
reach) Oxford at 7:30.

11- If I (have – has – had – would have) the camera , I (would give – will
gave – had given – gave) it to you.

12- I (won't buy – wouldn't buy – bought – buy) an new mobile if it (had –
have – was – will be) very expensive.

13- Sandra (will be – won't be – was – is) very late , if she sleeps late.

14- If I (finished – finishes – had finished – would finish) my studies , I
(would go- will go – went – had gone) to the cinema with my friends.

15- Amir (will be – would be – has been – had been) very happy if he (buy
– bought – will buy – would buy) a new expensive car.

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Reported Speech

Indirect speech

❖ TO CHANGE A STATEMENT INTO INDIRECT.

- a) OMIT INVERTED COMMAS & JOIN WITH THE WORD "THAT".
- b) WE CHANGE THE PRONOUNS INSIDE THE INVERTED COMMAS INTO THE SUITABLE ONES.

❖ TO STUDY THE FOLLOWING CHANGES

1-PRESENT SIMPLE	→	PAST SIMPLE
2-PAST SIMPLE	→	PAST PERFECT
3-PRESENT PERFECT	→	PAST PERFECT
4-PRESENT CONTINUOUS	→	PAST CONTINUOUS

1-SHALL-WILL	→	WOULD
2-CAN	→	COULD
3-MAY	→	MIGHT
4-MUST	→	HAD TO

5-THIS	→	THAT
6-THESE	→	THOSE
7-HERE	→	THERE
8-TODAY	→	THAT DAY
9-TONIGHT	→	THAT NIGHT
10-TOMORROW	→	THE NEXT DAY/THE FOLLOWING DAY
11-YESTERDAY	→	THE DAY BEFORE/THE PREVIOUS DAY
12-LAST WEEK ,MONTH.....	→	THE PREVIOUS WEEK
13-NEXT WEEK	→	THE FOLLOWING WEEK
14-NOW	→	THEN
15-AGO	→	BEFORE

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16-SAYS —————> SAYS
17-SAYS TO —————> TELLS
18-SAID —————> SAID
19-SAID TO —————> TOLD
.....

21-WAS / WERE —————> HAD BEEN
22- HAS / HAVE —————> HAD
23-HAD —————> HAD HAD
24-DON'T+V. STEM —————> DIDN'T+V. STEM
25-DIDN'T+V. STEM —————> HADN'T+ PAST
PARTICIPLE
.....

❖ WHEN THE INTRODUCTORY VERB "SAY"
IS IN THE PRESENT, THERE IS NO CHANGE
IN THE TENSE.

EX: 1-He says , " I go to school early."
-He says that he goes to school early.

2- She says to me, "the train will arrive late."
- She tells me that the train will arrive late.
.....
.....

WHEN THE INTRODUCTORY VERB IS IN THE
PAST SIMPLE "SAID" WE CHANGE THE
TENSE.

EX: 1-Nora said , "It is too hot today."
-Nora said that it was too hot that day.

2-Rana said to me , "I broke my toy yesterday. My
mother was angry."
-Rana told me that she had broken her toy the day
before & that her mother had been angry.

Date:.....

Exercise

Change in to Indirect:

1-Tina says, ``I go shopping by myself every week"

2-Jason says to me, "We can go to the cinema together."

3-Mum says, "I cooked lunch an hour ago."

4-The teacher says to the children, "Your English exam will be next Sunday."

5-The girls say, "We are listening to music now."

6-Lara says to me, " I saw a bear behind the tree yesterday."

7-Paula says to her friend, " I didn't study hard for the exams last month."

8-Peter says to me," I am studying Italian this year."

9-Sara says that he went to the club with his friends every week.

[correct the mistakes]

.....

Date:.....

Change in to Indirect:

1-Karen said, " I want to buy a new laptop. I saved enough money for it last month."

2-Tina said, "I'll have dinner at my grandfather's house tonight."

3-Sam said , " I lost the match because I played badly."

4-Suzan said to me that he will goes to the theatre with his parents tonight. [correct the mistakes]

5-Amy said," I went to bed but first I had a hot chocolate."

6-Tom said to me," This cat is mine. I feed it myself."

7-Tim said to me, "Jack had an accident last week. He was badly injured."

Date:.....

8-Alan said," I am having a shower now."

9-Irina said to me, "Amanda is on the phone. She wants you urgently"

10-Paula said to her friend, "I may go to Brazil next month."

11-Tom said," We are meeting Tony today."

12-Gary said to the librarian, "I will return the book next week."

13-Danny said that she visit her grandparents yesterday and that she
enjoy her time so much. [correct the mistakes]

14-My teacher said to me," You must do more effort."

15-Tony said to me ," I am having a lot of work now. I can't go out
with you."

16- Mona said to her friends that the bus doesn't come on time and when
he goes to the cinema, the film has almost finish. [correct the mistakes]

Date:.....

17-Our science teacher said to us," The earth revolves around its axis every 24 hours."

18- Nora said to me “ I broke the vase yesterday. My mother was angry”
.....
.....

19- Mrs. Randa said “ I am sure your daughter will do very well in the exam . Mrs.Laila , she achieved much progress” . (told)
.....
.....

20- Sandra said ‘ I and my family travelled to Alexandria last week and we were extremely happy’ (that)
.....
.....

Date:.....

Choose :

1-She said that she (is – was – has – have) at home [yesterday –
the day before - last night].

2-Hend said that she (will – would – can – has) meet her friends
[the next week – the following week - tomorrow] .

3-Salma said that she (was visiting – is visiting – would visit- visited)
the following day.

4-He (said – told – says – tells) that he was watching T.V. [last
night- the previous night - the following night]. .

5-Omar (says – said – tell – told) me that he went to the theatre in
the evening.

6-Maged (says – says –told – said to) Ahmed that Yasser [can –
may – will – could] ride a bike.

7-Lara said that (I – she – they – we) (had – was – were – is) going
to do her homework.

8-Tom said that he [had - had had - has - have] an accident the
week before .

9-Tamer said that he [is leaving - was leaving – leaves - will leave]
for Italy with his family [tomorrow – the next day - now].

10-Dad told us that he [can take - will take - would take - takes]
us on a picnic the next day.

11-Mona [said - tells - told - said to] us that she [invited -
had invited – invites – will invite] all her friends to her birthday
party the previous week.

Date:.....

Done on the board

Final Revision

Do as shown between brackets:-

1- The members may keep the books and the magazines for three days.
(The books and the magazines)
.....
.....

3- Peter (sleep – was sleeping – is sleeping – slept) last night at 10 p:m
(choose)

4- The children play joyful , they are very happily. (correct the mistakes)

.....
4- The headmaster said, "I'm sure your son will do very well at the university, Mrs. Laila. He achieved much progress." (told)
.....
.....

5- If he did some exercise, he would be fit. (If type 1)

.....
6- I studied my lessons. Then ,I went to the cinema . (before)
.....

7-The pyramids are enormous. They will remain for centuries.
(enough to)
.....
.....

8- We are very impatient. We can't wait any longer. (too - to)
.....
.....

9- He is honest. Everyone can trust him. (enough to)
.....
.....

10-Sally said "We had some guests last week and we were busy." (that)
.....
.....

Date:.....

11-Ben said" My friend felt ill because he ate four packets of crisps."
(had)
.....

12-She said to me, "I'll go to university if I pass my exams."
(told)
.....

13-Hany said," I didn't have breakfast, I felt very hungry"
(that)
.....

14-She said to me, "We were sitting in the garden when we saw him." (told)
.....

15- They (have) more time. They (help) you. (If type 2)
.....

16-John said, "I am going to the cinema this afternoon with my friend
Tamer. I won't be late." (told)
.....

17-Suzan said that he buy this bag a week ago. (correct the mistakes)
.....

18- I (hear) the news. I (hurry) to see him. (after)
.....

19-The teacher said to the pupils, "You must do the exercise now. I won't
wait till tomorrow." (told)
.....

20- They wouldn't be ill if they didn't eat all the cakes. (If type 1)
.....

21-Suzan said." I lost my pen last week. It was given to me a long time
ago." (told)
.....

22-The horse is fast. The donkey isn't fast. (than)
.....

23-The man said," I've never been to Alex. Before. I can't tell where the
railway station is." (told me)
.....
.....

Date:.....

24- These shoes were so tight. I couldn't wear them. (too-to)
.....

25- He (miss) the bus. He (hire) a taxi. (If type 2)
.....

26- The captain said, "If it rains this afternoon, the ground will be too wet to play the match tomorrow." (told)
.....
.....

27- The criminal said , " I committed the crime". (told)
.....

28- I have a lot of money. I can buy this expensive car. (enough to)
.....

29- The mountaineer is so brave. He can reach the summit of the mountain. (enough to)
.....
.....

30-Your mobile is old . My smart phone is modern. (more)
.....

31- I was very busy. I couldn't answer the telephone. (too – to)
.....
.....

32- He said, "We wore warm clothes. We didn't want get cold again." (told)
.....

33- She (do) all her shopping before she (go) to a coffee shop. (After)
.....
.....

34- Hany said to me, "I spent all my money. I can't afford staying in this hotel." (told me)
.....
.....

35-They will discuss a lot of topics in the meeting. (A lot of topics)
.....

36- I haven't told them about the accident yet. |(yesterday)
.....

37- He (get) high marks. He (join) the university. (If type 1)
.....

Date:.....

38- We don't have time . we can't wait for the bus. (enough – to)

39- The phone (ring) three times , we (have) supper. (when)

40- You are quite thin. You could slip between the bars. (enough to)

41-Tom said to Mary," I didn't throw stones at your dog yesterday." (told)

42-The fisherman said, "The wind was strong yesterday, the cold froze my face." (that)

43-Teachers should make lessons more interesting for children. (be)

44-There isn't much light. I can't see well. (enough to)

45-A large car is so expensive. I can't buy one. (too - to)

46-The guide will show the tourist the pyramids and the Sphinx.
(The tourist)
(The pyramids and the sphinx)

47-They have plenty of toys. They can lend me one. (enough to)

48-He said, "I didn't have any money. I had to borrow some from a friend of mine." (told)

49-He said to his friend," I'll help you to look for your watch." (would)

50- They should do the washing up as soon as possible. (The washing up)

Date:.....

Choose:-

- 1- Have they [ever – never – yet-sometimes] played chess?
- 2- [After - Before] she [paid - had paid - pay] the butcher she [took - had taken – take-has taken] the meat.
- 3- If he [listen - listens – listened-had listened] to me, he [not lose - will lose - won't lose- didn't lose] his way.
- 4- Dad [talked - was talking - is talking-has talked] with grandpa, when Sara [interrupt – interrupted – was interrupting- is interrupting].
- 5- While he [was lieing - was lying – lied-lies] on the sand, a crab [bit - bite – bitten-bites] his toe.
- 6- I [had had - has had - have had-was having] this car [for - since] a month.
- 7- The match [will show - will be shown - is shown-is going to show] tomorrow on T.V.
- 8- Sam is as (cleverer- cleverest - clever) as his brother. Both of them are genius.
- 9- Patrick (go - went - had gone) camping (after-before) he (finished-finishes- had finished) his exams.
- 10- Mum promises us that she (is doing to take- takes- will take) us to the funfair next Friday.
- 11- If he (follow – doesn't follow – follows – followes) the map , he (doesn't lose – won't lose – didn't lose – loses) the way.
- 12- If she (had – were – is – has) rich , she would live in a big house.
- 13- Sandra (won't be – wouldn't be – wasn't – isn't) so famous if she wasn't an actress.

Date:.....

14- The film (has to – was – is – will) shown in the cinema last night.

15- She promises me that she (is going to do – will do – is doing - did)
her best.

16- We don't have (too – enough – to – many) sugar to add.

17- I'll watch Tv after I finish (was doing – to do – doing – do) my
H.W

18- I don't have (too – many – to – enough) cheese to make salad.

19- The shelf is (enough – too – to – so) high to (reach – reaches – was
reaching – reached).

20- The composition (must done – must be done – must do – must did)
today.